## KY FAN'S INEQUALITY VIA CONVEXITY

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In this note, using the strict convexity and concavity of the function $f(x)=\frac{1}{1+e^{x}}$ on $[0, \infty)$ and $(-\infty, 0]$ respectively, we prove Ky Fan's inequality by separating the left and right hands of it by $\frac{1}{G_{n}+G_{n}^{\prime}}$.

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Let $x_{1}, \ldots, x_{n}$ in $(0,1 / 2]$ and $\lambda_{1}, \lambda_{2}, \ldots, \lambda_{n}>0$ with $\sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_{i}=1$. We denote by $A_{n}$ and $G_{n}$, the arithmetic and geometric means of $x_{1}, \ldots, x_{n}$ respectively, i.e.

$$
\begin{equation*}
A_{n}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_{i} x_{i}, \quad G_{n}=\prod_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}^{\lambda_{i}} \tag{1}
\end{equation*}
$$

and also by $A_{n}^{\prime}$ and $G_{n}^{\prime}$, the arithmetic and geometric means of $1-x_{1}, \ldots, 1-x_{n}$ respectively, i.e.

$$
\begin{equation*}
A_{n}^{\prime}=\sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_{i}\left(1-x_{i}\right), \quad \quad G_{n}^{\prime}=\prod_{i=1}^{n}\left(1-x_{i}\right)^{\lambda_{i}} \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

In 1961 the following remarkable inequality, due to Ky Fan, was published for the first time in the well-known book Inequalities by Beckenbach and Bellman [2, p. 5]: If $x_{i} \in(0,1 / 2]$, then

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{A_{n}^{\prime}}{G_{n}^{\prime}} \leq \frac{A_{n}}{G_{n}} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

with equality holding if and only if $x_{1}=\cdots=x_{n}$.
Inequality (1) has evoked the interest of several mathematicians and in numerous articles new proofs, extensions, refinements and various related results have been published; see the survey paper [1]. Also, for some recent results, see [6] - [10].

In this note, using the strict convexity and concavity of the function $f(x)=\frac{1}{1+e^{x}}$ on $[0, \infty)$ and $(-\infty, 0]$ respectively, we prove Ky Fan's inequality (3) by separating the left and right hand sides of (3) by $\frac{1}{G_{n}+G_{n}^{\prime}}$ :

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{A_{n}^{\prime}}{G_{n}^{\prime}} \leq \frac{1}{G_{n}+G_{n}^{\prime}} \leq \frac{A_{n}}{G_{n}} \tag{4}
\end{equation*}
$$

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Moreover, we show equality holds in each inequality in (4), if and only $x_{1}=\cdots=$ $x_{n}$.

It is noted that, since for $a, b, c, d>0$ the inequality $\frac{a}{b} \leq \frac{c}{d}$ implies $\frac{a}{b} \leq \frac{a+c}{b+d} \leq \frac{c}{d}$, considering $A_{n}+A_{n}^{\prime}=1$, the inequalities (3) and (4) are equivalent.

Indeed, since $f^{\prime \prime}(x)=\frac{e^{x}\left(e^{x}-1\right)}{\left(1+e^{x}\right)^{3}}$, the function $f$ has the foregoing convexity properties. Now, using Jensen's inequality

$$
f\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_{i} y_{i}\right) \leq \sum_{i=1}^{n} \lambda_{i} f\left(y_{i}\right)
$$

for $y_{i}=\ln \frac{1-x_{i}}{x_{i}} \geq 0(1 \leq i \leq n)$, we get the right hand of (4) with equality holding if and only if $\ln \frac{1-x_{1}}{x_{1}}=\cdots=\ln \frac{1-x_{n}}{x_{n}}$, or equivalently $x_{1}=\cdots=x_{n}$. The left hand of (4) is handled by using Jensen's inequality for the convex function $-f$ on $(-\infty, 0]$ with $y_{i}=\ln \frac{x_{i}}{1-x_{i}} \leq 0(1 \leq i \leq n)$.

It might be noted that it suffices to prove either of the two inequalities in (4) as $\frac{a}{b} \leq \frac{c}{d}$ is equivalent to both $\frac{a}{b} \leq \frac{a+c}{b+d}$ and $\frac{a+c}{b+d} \leq \frac{c}{d}$.

It was pointed out by a referee that the use of the function $f$, or rather its inverse $g(x)=\ln ((1-x) / x)$, to prove Ky Fan's inequality can be found in the literature; see [4], [3, pp. 31, 154], [5].
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